EIGHTY-SEVENTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY 2018 REGULAR SESSION DAILY SENATE CLIP SHEET

February 8, 2018

Clip Sheet Summary

Displays all amendments, fiscal notes, and conference committee reports for previous day.

Bill	Amendment	Action	Sponsor
HF 2230	<u>S-5003</u>	Adopted	TIM KRAAYENBRINK

Fiscal Notes

SF 2164 — School Foundation Program Funding (LSB6154SV)

SF 2176 — Lascivious Acts and Indecent Contacts with Minors (LSB5458SV)

HOUSE FILE 2230

S-5003

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1
      Amend House File 2230, as passed by the House, as follows:
 2
      1. Page 1, before line 1 by inserting:
 3
                             <DIVISION I
             PERCENTS OF GROWTH - REPLACEMENT PAYMENTS>
 4
         Page 2, line 34, after <This> by inserting <division of
 5
      2.
 6 this>
 7
      3. Page 2, after line 35 by inserting:
 8
                            <DIVISION
                  STATE AND DISTRICT COSTS PER PUPIL
 9
10
      Sec. . Section 257.2, subsection 12, Code 2018, is
11 amended to read as follows:
12
      12. "Supplemental state aid" means the amount by which state
13 cost per pupil and district cost per pupil will increase from
14 one budget year to the next as the result of the state percent
15 of growth.
      Sec. . Section 257.8, subsection 5, Code 2018, is amended
16
17 to read as follows:
      5. Alternate supplemental state aid — definitions.
18
19
      a. For budget years beginning July 1, 2000, and subsequent
20 budget years, references to the terms "supplemental state aid",
21 "regular program state cost per pupil", and "regular program
22 district cost per pupil" shall mean those terms as calculated
23 for those school districts that calculated regular program
24 supplemental state aid for the school budget year beginning
25 July 1, 1999, with the additional thirty-eight dollars
26 specified in section 257.8, subsection 4, Code 2013.
27
      b. For the budget year beginning July 1, 2018, and
28 subsequent budget years, references to "supplemental state
29 aid" and "regular program state cost per pupil" shall mean
30 those terms as calculated including the additional amount for
31 the budget year beginning July 1, 2018, under section 257.9,
32 subsection 2, paragraph "b", and references to "regular program
33 district cost per pupil" shall mean that term as calculated
34 including any adjustments made under section 257.10, subsection
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35 2.

- 1 Sec. ___. Section 257.9, subsection 2, Code 2018, is amended
- 2 to read as follows:
- 3 2. Regular program state cost per pupil for 1992-1993 and 4 succeeding years.
- 5 a. For the budget year beginning July 1, 1992, and
- 6 succeeding budget years beginning before July 1, 2018, the
- 7 regular program state cost per pupil for a budget year is the
- 8 regular program state cost per pupil for the base year plus the
- 9 regular program supplemental state aid for the budget year.
- 10 b. For the budget year beginning July 1, 2018, the regular
- 11 program state cost per pupil is the regular program state
- 12 cost per pupil for the base year plus the regular program
- 13 supplemental state aid for the budget year, plus five dollars.
- 14 c. For the budget year beginning July 1, 2019, and
- 15 succeeding budget years, the regular program state cost per
- 16 pupil for a budget year is the regular program state cost per
- 17 pupil for the base year plus the regular program supplemental
- 18 state aid for the budget year.
- 19 Sec. . Section 257.10, subsection 2, paragraph b, Code
- 20 2018, is amended to read as follows:
- 21 b. If the regular program district cost per pupil of a
- 22 school district for the budget year under paragraph "a" exceeds
- 23 one hundred five percent of the regular program state cost
- 24 per pupil for the budget year and the state percent of growth
- 25 for the budget year is greater than two percent, the regular
- 26 program district cost per pupil for the budget year for that
- 27 district shall be reduced to one hundred five percent of the
- 28 regular program state cost per pupil for the budget year.
- 29 However, under such conditions, if the difference between the
- 30 regular program district cost per pupil for the budget year and
- 31 the regular program state cost per pupil for the budget year
- 32 is greater than an amount equal to two percent multiplied by
- 33 the regular program state cost per pupil for the base year, the
- 34 regular program district cost per pupil for the budget year
- 35 shall be reduced by the amount equal to two percent multiplied

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1 by the regular program state cost per pupil for the base year.
 2
      Sec. . Section 257.10, subsection 2, Code 2018, is
 3 amended by adding the following new paragraph:
      NEW PARAGRAPH. c. For the budget year beginning July 1,
 5 2018, and succeeding budget years, if the regular program
 6 district cost per pupil for the budget year calculated under
 7 this subsection in any school district is less than the
 8 regular program state cost per pupil for the budget year, the
 9 department of management shall increase the regular program
10 district cost per pupil of that district to an amount equal to
11 the regular program state cost per pupil for the budget year.
      Sec. . EFFECTIVE UPON ENACTMENT. This division of this
13 Act, being deemed of immediate importance, takes effect upon
14 enactment.
15
                             DIVISION
16
               SCHOOL DISTRICT SUPPLEMENTARY WEIGHTING
      Sec. . Section 257.10, subsection 8, paragraph a, Code
17
18 2018, is amended to read as follows:
     a. Combined district cost is the sum of the regular
20 program district cost per pupil multiplied by the weighted
21 enrollment minus the additional pupils added due to section
22 257.11, subsection 7A, the regular program state cost per pupil
23 multiplied by the number of pupils added due to section 257.11,
24 subsection 7A, the special education support services district
25 cost, the total teacher salary supplement district cost, the
26 total professional development supplement district cost, the
27 total early intervention supplement district cost, and the
28 total teacher leadership supplement district cost, plus the sum
29 of the additional district cost allocated to the district to
30 fund media services and educational services provided through
31 the area education agency, the area education agency total
32 teacher salary supplement district cost and the area education
33 agency total professional development supplement district cost.
34
      Sec. . Section 257.11, Code 2018, is amended by adding
35 the following new subsection:
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- 1 NEW SUBSECTION. 7A. School district transportation costs.
- 2 a. In order to provide additional funds for school district
- 3 transportation costs resulting from the transportation of
- 4 resident pupils required by chapter 285 and paid from sources
- 5 other than the district's physical plant and equipment levy
- 6 fund under section 298A.4 or revenue received from the secure
- 7 an advanced vision for education fund under section 423F.2, a
- 8 supplementary weighting plan for such pupils is adopted.
- 9 b. For the budget year beginning July 1, 2018, and each
- 10 succeeding budget year, each school district shall be assigned
- 11 a supplementary weighting amount equal to ten percent of the
- 12 combined weighting amount calculated under paragraph "c",
- 13 subparagraph (2), for that budget year.
- 14 c. (1) (a) Transportation cost factor. For each budget
- 15 year beginning on or after July 1, 2018, the department of
- 16 management shall calculate for each school district all of the
- 17 following:
- 18 (i) The sum of the school district's total transportation
- 19 costs incurred for the transportation of pupils required under
- 20 chapter 285, and paid from sources other than the district's
- 21 physical plant and equipment levy fund under section 298A.4
- 22 or revenue received from the secure an advanced vision for
- 23 education fund under section 423F.2, for the three years
- 24 immediately preceding the base year.
- 25 (ii) The sum of the school district's regular program
- 26 district cost for the three years immediately preceding the
- 27 base year, excluding amounts attributable to budget adjustments
- 28 received under section 257.14.
- 29 (iii) The school district's budget enrollment multiplied by
- 30 the quotient of the school district's amount under subparagraph
- 31 subdivision (i) divided by the school district's amount under
- 32 subparagraph subdivision (ii).
- 33 (iv) The school district's amount under subparagraph
- 34 subdivision (iii) divided by the sum of the amounts calculated
- 35 under subparagraph subdivision (iii) for all school districts.

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- 1 (v) The amount calculated under subparagraph subdivision
- 2 (iv) multiplied by ninety percent of the sum of all school
- 3 districts' transportation costs incurred for the transportation
- 4 of pupils required under chapter 285 for the year preceding
- 5 the base year and paid from sources other than the district's
- 6 physical plant and equipment levy fund under section 298A.4
- 7 or revenue received from the secure an advanced vision for
- 8 education fund under section 423F.2.
- 9 (vi) The quotient of the amount calculated under
- 10 subparagraph subdivision (v) divided by the regular program
- ll state cost per pupil for the budget year.
- 12 (b) Budget enrollment factor. For each budget year
- 13 beginning on or after July 1, 2018, the department of
- 14 management shall calculate for each school district all of the
- 15 following:
- 16 (i) The quotient of the school district's budget enrollment
- 17 divided by the statewide total budget enrollment multiplied by
- 18 five percent of the sum of all school districts' transportation
- 19 costs incurred for the transportation of pupils required under
- 20 chapter 285 for the year preceding the base year and paid from
- 21 sources other than the district's physical plant and equipment
- 22 levy fund under section 298A.4 or revenue received from the
- 23 secure an advanced vision for education fund under section
- 24 423F.2.
- 25 (ii) The amount calculated under subparagraph subdivision
- 26 (i) divided by the regular program state cost per pupil for the
- 27 budget year.
- 28 (c) Route miles factor. For each budget year beginning
- 29 on or after July 1, 2018, the department of management shall
- 30 calculate for each school district all of the following:
- 31 (i) The quotient of the school district's total route
- 32 miles traveled for the transportation of pupils required under
- 33 chapter 285 for the year preceding the base year divided by the
- 34 school district's budget enrollment.
- 35 (ii) The school district's amount under subparagraph

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- 1 subdivision (i) divided by the sum of the amounts calculated
- 2 under subparagraph subdivision (i) for all school districts.
- 3 (iii) The amount calculated under subparagraph subdivision
- 4 (ii) multiplied by five percent of the sum of all school
- 5 districts' transportation costs incurred for the transportation
- 6 of pupils required under chapter 285 for the year preceding
- 7 the base year and paid from sources other than the district's
- 8 physical plant and equipment levy fund under section 298A.4
- 9 or revenue received from the secure an advanced vision for
- 10 education fund under section 423F.2.
- 11 (iv) The amount calculated under subparagraph subdivision
- 12 (iii) divided by the regular program state cost per pupil for
- 13 the budget year.
- 14 (2) The combined weighting amount for each school district
- 15 is the sum of the following:
- 16 (a) The amount calculated under subparagraph (1),
- 17 subparagraph division (a), subparagraph subdivision (vi).
- 18 (b) The amount calculated under subparagraph (1),
- 19 subparagraph division (b), subparagraph subdivision (ii).
- 20 (c) The amount calculated under subparagraph (1),
- 21 subparagraph division (c), subparagraph subdivision (iv).
- 22 d. Funding received by a school district as the result of
- 23 supplementary weighting under this subsection shall not affect
- 24 a school district's eligibility for transportation assistance
- 25 under section 257.31, subsection 17.
- 26 e. Amounts received by a school district as the result
- 27 of supplementary weighting under this subsection shall be
- 28 deposited in the school district's general fund and may be used
- 29 for any general fund purpose.
- 30 f. If a school district established as the result of a
- 31 reorganization under chapter 275 does not have sufficient
- 32 transportation cost data, regular program district cost per
- 33 pupil data, or enrollment data for the calculation of amounts
- 34 required under this subsection, the department of management
- 35 shall use estimated transportation cost data, regular program

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- 1 district cost per pupil data, and enrollment data derived from
- 2 data for prior budget years from each district involved in
- 3 the reorganization until such amounts can be calculated using
- 4 actual data for the reorganized school district.
- 5 g. For the budget years beginning July 1, 2018, July 1,
- 6 2019, and July 1, 2020, and if necessary, any subsequent budget
- 7 years, if insufficient or incomplete transportation cost data
- 8 makes the implementation of this subsection impractical, the
- 9 department of management shall, in consultation with the
- 10 department of education and the legislative services agency,
- 11 establish procedures and modified methodologies for calculating
- 12 supplementary weighting and funding amounts under this
- 13 subsection.
- 14 Sec. . Section 257.11, subsection 8, Code 2018, is
- 15 amended to read as follows:
- 8. Pupils ineligible. A Except for transportation weighting
- 17 under subsection 7A, a pupil eligible for the weighting plan
- 18 provided in section 256B.9 is not eligible for supplementary
- 19 weighting pursuant to this section unless it is determined
- 20 that the course generating the supplemental weighting has no
- 21 relationship to the pupil's disability. A pupil attending an
- 22 alternative program or an at-risk pupils' program, including
- 23 alternative high school programs, is not eligible for
- 24 supplementary weighting under subsection 2.
- 25 Sec. . Section 257.31, subsection 17, paragraphs a and d,
- 26 Code 2018, are amended to read as follows:
- 27 a. If a district's average transportation costs per
- 28 pupil exceed the state average transportation costs per
- 29 pupil determined under paragraph "c'' by one hundred fifty
- 30 percent, the committee may grant transportation assistance aid
- 31 to the district using exclusively the funds transferred to
- 32 the committee in accordance with section 321.34, subsection
- 33 22. Such aid shall be miscellaneous income and shall not be
- 34 included in district cost.
- 35 d. Funds transferred to the committee in accordance with

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- 1 section 321.34, subsection 22, are appropriated to and may be
- 2 expended for the purposes of the committee, as described in
- 3 this section subsection. However, highest priority shall be
- 4 given to districts that meet the conditions described in this
- 5 subsection. Notwithstanding any other provision of the Code,
- 6 unencumbered or unobligated funds transferred to the committee
- 7 pursuant to section 321.34, subsection 22, remaining on June
- 8 30 of the fiscal year for which the funds were transferred,
- 9 shall not revert but shall be available for expenditure for the
- 10 purposes of this subsection in subsequent fiscal years.
- ll Sec. . EFFECTIVE UPON ENACTMENT. This division of this
- 12 Act, being deemed of immediate importance, takes effect upon
- 13 enactment.>
- 4. Title page, by striking lines 2 through 5 and inserting
- 15 <modifying and establishing provisions relating to the funding
- 16 of school districts, and including effective>
- 17 5. By renumbering, redesignating, and correcting internal
- 18 references as necessary.

By TIM KRAAYENBRINK

<u>S-5003</u> FILED FEBRUARY 7, 2018 ADOPTED

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Fiscal Note



Fiscal Services Division

SF 2164 – School Foundation Program Funding (LSB6154SV)

Analyst: Jocelyn Gerrietts (Phone: 515.238.2833) josie.gerrietts@legis.iowa.gov

Fiscal Note Version – New

Description

<u>Senate File 2164</u> relates to the State School Foundation Program by establishing the State percent of growth and the categorical State percent of growth for the budget year beginning July 1, 2018 (FY 2019).

Senate File 2164 has three provisions with a fiscal impact:

- 1.0% State percent of growth rate to be applied to the State cost per pupil for FY 2019.
- 1.0% State percent of growth rate to be applied to each of the State categorical cost per pupil amounts for FY 2019.
- Provides additional property tax replacement funding based on the per pupil increase that results from the establishment of the State percent of growth in FY 2019. The Bill requires the additional levy portion of the FY 2019 State cost per pupil amount to be frozen at \$750 per pupil, regardless of the per pupil increase for FY 2019. Without enactment of this provision, the increase in the FY 2019 State cost per pupil due to the State percent of growth will include a per pupil property tax increase equivalent to 1/8th (12.5%) of the total per pupil increase.

The Bill takes effect upon enactment.

Background

State Cost Per Pupil. The school aid formula provides funding to school districts and Area Education Agencies (AEAs) through a mix of State aid and property tax. In general, funding is generated on a per pupil basis with the per pupil amounts providing an overall budget limitation (or spending authority). There are five FY 2018 State cost per pupil funding levels that will be increased by a 1.0% State percent of growth for FY 2019. The following table provides the supplemental State aid amounts (also referred to as per pupil growth amounts) and State cost per pupil amounts for FY 2019 based on a 1.0% growth rate. The supplemental State aid amounts will be applied to all corresponding district and AEA cost per pupil amounts.

	FY 2019 State Cost Per Pupil Calculations									
	Sta	Y 2018 ite Cost er Pupil	FY 2019 State Percent of Growth	Supplemental State Aid		Sta	Y 2019 ite Cost er Pupil			
Regular Program	\$	6,664	1.0%	\$	67	\$	6,731			
Special Education Program		6,664	1.0%		67		6,731			
AEA Special Education Services		292.60	1.0%		2.93		295.53			
AEA Media Services		54.55	1.0%		0.55		55.10			
AEA Education Services		60.20	1.0%		0.60		60.80			

In addition to the State percent of growth and supplemental State aid for FY 2019, enrollments, weightings, and taxable valuations within each school district have an impact on the amount of total school aid funding, including the amount of State aid and local property tax required to generate the total funding amount.

State Categorical Supplements. The State categorical supplements are funded entirely through State aid and generate funds for each school district and AEA through the school aid formula on a per pupil basis. The FY 2019 State cost per pupil funding levels for the teacher salary supplement (district and AEA), professional development supplement (district and AEA), early intervention supplement (district only), and Teacher Leadership and Compensation (TLC) (district only) will be increased by a 1.0% State percent of growth for FY 2019. The following table provides the per pupil growth amounts and State cost per pupil amounts for FY 2019 based on SF 2164.

	FY 2019 State Cost Per Pupil Calculations								
	FY 2018 State Cost Per Pupil		FY 2019 State Percent of Growth	Supplemental State Aid	St	Y 2019 ate Cost er Pupil			
Teacher Salary - Districts	\$	574.27	1.0%	\$5.74	\$	580.01			
Professional Development - Districts		65.04	1.0%	0.65		65.69			
Early Intervention		70.82	1.0%	0.71		71.53			
Teacher Leadership and Compensation		323.27	1.0%	3.23		326.50			
Teacher Salary - AEAs		30.05	1.0%	0.30		30.35			
Professional Development - AEAs		3.51	1.0%	0.04		3.55			

Additionally, there is a budget guarantee provision for each of the State categorical supplements, which provides each district and AEA with a minimum of the previous fiscal year's level of funding (net of the previous year's budget guarantee amount). This provision for the State categorical supplements is funded entirely through State aid.

FY 2019 Property Tax Replacement Payment Calculation								
	F`	Y 2018	Supple	e Due To emental Aid Rate		Y 2019		
Regular Program	\$	6,664	\$	67	\$	6,731		
87.5% Foundation Level		833		8		841		
PRTP Amount		83		8		91		
Fixed Additional Levy Portion		750				750		

Property Tax Replacement Payment (PTRP). The enactment of <u>HF 215</u> (2013 Education Reform Act) included the creation of the property tax replacement payment (PTRP) provision to replace local property tax amounts with State aid. The provision froze the additional levy portion of the State cost per pupil at \$750; based on the State percent of growth enacted during the intervening fiscal years, this provision created \$15 per pupil in property tax relief in FY 2014 and

up to \$83 per pupil in FY 2018. The continual growth is a result of this provision requiring that the per pupil property tax relief of previous fiscal years to carry forward in future fiscal years. Enactment of <u>SF 2164</u> will maintain a freeze of the additional levy portion of the State cost per pupil at \$750 in FY 2019. The per pupil property tax relief amount will be based on the State percent of growth enacted for FY 2019. The following table provides detail regarding the State cost per pupil funding levels as provided by a 1.0% growth rate for FY 2019 in SF 2164.

	FY 2019 State Cost Per Pupil Calculations (Statewide Totals in Millions)								
	-	Y 2018 ite Cost	FY 2019 State Percent of Growth	Budget Adjustment	_	Y 2019 ate Cost			
Teacher Salary - Districts	\$	279.39	1.0%	\$1.30	\$	282.94			
Professional Development - Districts		31.66	1.0%	0.14		32.01			
Early Intervention		34.47	1.0%	0.16		34.90			
Teacher Leadership and Compensation		157.41	1.0%	0.70		159.47			
Teacher Salary - AEAs		15.75	1.0%	0.67		15.97			
Professional Development - AEAs		1.85	1.0%	0.07		1.87			

Assumptions

- Estimates are based on October 2017 certified enrollments and supplementary weightings for FY 2019 that were approved by the School Budget Review Committee (SBRC) in December 2017.
- A statewide taxable valuation growth rate of 4.45% for FY 2019 was previously agreed upon by the Legislative Services Agency (LSA), the Department of Management, and the Department of Education. Based on this assumption, the statewide total for the uniform levy is estimated to account for \$37.6 million of the school foundation property tax change in FY 2019 (including the uniform levy portion of the commercial/industrial rollback replacement payment). The estimated increase in the uniform levy amount is not impacted by the establishment of the State percent of growth rate. The table below shows a 4.36% increase in the uniform levy due to changes in the uniform levy rates for school districts undergoing the process of reorganization.
- Property tax adjustment aid amounts are based on the statewide taxable valuation growth factor applied to each school district's FY 2018 taxable valuation amount.
- Other legislation may have an impact on the amount of State aid and property tax generated though the school aid formula. The fiscal impact in the table on the following page includes only the provisions in this Bill.
- State aid includes funding from the State General Fund and other funds appropriated or deposited in the Property Tax Equity and Relief (PTER) Fund that is used to provide additional property tax relief through the school aid formula.
- Establishing an FY 2019 State percent of growth will also impact the amount of funding generated for the Statewide Voluntary Preschool Program. Funding for the Program is provided with State General Fund dollars and is included in the overall State aid total.
- Districts eligible for the 101.0% budget adjustment will approve use of that provision.
- Beginning in FY 2019, the additional \$15.0 million State aid reduction to AEAs implemented in FY 2018 will be restored.

Fiscal Impact

The following table provides the estimated fiscal impact of the three provisions of <u>SF 2164</u>: State Supplemental Aid, State categorical rate, and PTRP implementation. This includes:

- Restoration of the \$15.0 million reduction in State aid to the AEAs. Under current law, the reduction will total \$7.5 million (a statutory reduction implemented annually).
- \$51.5 million in PTRP funding, an increase of \$4.8 million compared to FY 2018 and an increase of \$9 per student.
- \$527.2 million for the State categorical supplements for school districts and AEAs, an increase of \$6.7 million (1.3%). This includes:
 - \$298.9 million for the teacher salary supplement.
 - \$33.9 million for the professional development supplement.
 - \$34.9 million for the early intervention supplement.
 - \$159.5 million for the teacher leadership supplement.
- \$82.2 million for preschool formula funding, an increase of \$4.0 million compared to FY 2018. The preschool formula funding is included in the State aid amount, but is not included in the combined district cost total.
- \$26.1 million in budget adjustment funding, an increase of \$2.5 million compared to FY 2018. The budget guarantee adjustment is calculated at the school district level so that school districts receive 101.0% of their previous year's funding. The budget guarantee adjustment is funded entirely through property taxes.
- An estimated \$64,000 in minimum aid funding. The minimum aid funding provision requires that districts receive at least \$300 in State aid funding per student. The provision lowers the affected districts' additional levy portion.
- The total property tax funds generated through the school aid formula are estimated to be \$1.521 billion, an increase of \$46.5 million over FY 2018.
- The total State aid from the General Fund (reflecting the total school aid funding level for school districts and AEAs generated through the school aid formula) is estimated to be \$3.227 billion, an increase of \$47.0 million (1.5%) compared to FY 2018.

Any legislative action affecting FY 2019 school aid provisions will have an impact on school aid amounts. Additionally, any variations in the assumptions noted may result in significant changes in the FY 2019 estimates provided in the following table.

Legislative Services Agency: FY 2019 School Aid Estimates (Statewide Totals in Millions)

State Cost Per Pupil

Total Increase

0.00

4.04

0.06

46.96

-0.20

46.96

24.00

82.20

0.06

9.50

3,226.59

3,236.29

0.00%

5.18%

1.48%

-2.07%

1.47%

100.00%

\$6,731

\$67

State Supplemental Aid Rate

Adjusted Additional Property Tax - General Fund

Statewide Voluntary Preschool Program

Total State Aid (Includes Non-General Fund)

Minimum State Aid

State Aid from General Fund

Excess from SAVE Fund

1.00%

Program Funding:		FY 2018		Es	t. FY 2019	Est.	. Change	% Change
Regular Program District Cost	\$	3,244.09		\$	3,284.10	\$	40.01	1.23%
Regular Program Budget Adjustment		23.64			26.14		2.50	10.55%
Supplementary Weighting (District)		93.30			98.98		5.68	6.09%
Special Education Instruction (District)		430.28			440.70		10.41	2.42%
Teacher Salary Supplement (District)		279.39			282.94		3.55	1.27%
Professional Development Supplement (District)		31.66			32.06		0.40	1.26%
Early Intervention Supplement (District)		34.47			34.90		0.43	1.25%
Teacher Leadership Supplement (District)		157.41			159.47		2.06	1.31%
AEA Special Ed Support District Cost		159.62			162.47		2.85	1.79%
AEA Special Ed Support Adjustment		1.52			1.76		0.24	15.96%
AEA Media Services		28.33			28.68		0.35	1.22%
AEA Ed Services		31.31			31.69		0.38	1.21%
AEA Teacher Salary Supplement		15.75			15.97		0.22	1.43%
AEA Professional Development Supplement		1.85			1.87		0.03	1.59%
Dropout and Dropout Prevention		120.08			120.08		0.00	0.00%
Combined District Cost	\$	4,630.89		\$	4,714.97	\$	84.08	1.82%
Statewide Voluntary Preschool Program	\$	78.15		\$	82.20		4.04	5.18%
State Aid:		FY 2018		Es	t. FY 2019	Est	. Change	% Change
Regular Program	\$	1,940.90		\$	1,942.01		1.11	0.06%
Supplementary Weighting		81.29			86.24		4.95	6.09%
Special Education Weighting		375.14			384.26		9.12	2.43%
Property Tax Adjustment Aid (1992)		8.46			8.08		-0.38	-0.819
Property Tax Replacement Payment (PTRP)		46.76			51.52		4.76	10.17%

Local Property Tax:	FY 2018	Es	t. FY 2019	Est.	Change	% Change
Uniform Levy Amount	\$ 862.06	\$	899.68	\$	37.63	4.36%
Additional Levy	612.69		621.52		8.83	1.44%
Total Levy to Fund Combined District Cost	\$ 1,474.74	\$	1,521.20	\$	46.45	3.15%
Comm/Ind - Uniform Levy Replacement	26.29		22.40		-3.89	-14.79%
Comm/Ind - Additional Levy Replacement	19.50		17.27		-2.23	-11.42%
•						

24.00

78.15

3,179.63

3,189.33

\$

0.00

9.70

\$

Miscellaneous Information:	F	Y 2018	Es	t. FY 2019	Est	. Change	% Change
Budget Enrollment	4	85,147.30		486,264.30		1,117.00	0.23%
Number of Districts with Budget Adjustment		179		183		4	2.23%
Percent of Districts with Budget Adjustment		54%		55%			
Property Tax Relief Payment per student	\$	83.00	\$	91.00	\$	8.00	9.64%
AEA Funding	\$	217.20	\$	235.61	\$	18.40	8.47%

Notes:

Totals may not sum due to data duplication and exclusion. For example, other funds are provided by State Aid, but not included in the State Aid section because they are represented in the Program Funding section listed above.

The provision for Minimum State aid requires that the State provide at least \$300 per student.

Sources

Iowa Department of Education, Certified Enrollment and Enrollment Projections File Iowa Department of Management, School Aid File Iowa Department of Revenue LSA Analysis and Calculations

/s/ Holly M. Lyons
February 6, 2018

The fiscal note for this Bill was prepared pursuant to Joint Rule 17 and the Iowa Code. Data used in developing this fiscal note is available from the Fiscal Services Division of the Legislative Services Agency upon request.



Fiscal Note



Fiscal Services Division

<u>SF 2176</u> – Lascivious Acts and Indecent Contacts with Minors (LSB5458SV) Analyst: Laura Book (515.205.9275) <u>laura.book@legis.iowa.gov</u> Fiscal Note Version – New

Description

<u>Senate File 2176</u> relates to the criminal offense of lascivious conduct with a minor. The Bill expands the definition of lascivious conduct with a minor and applies the penalty of either a serious or an aggravated misdemeanor, depending on the elements of the offense. A person who violates the provisions of the Bill must register as a sex offender pursuant to lowa Code chapter 692A.

Background

<u>Senate File 2176</u> does not change the current offense of lascivious conduct with a minor as prescribed in lowa Code section <u>709.14</u>. The current offense is punishable as a serious misdemeanor.

Assumptions

- The following will not change over the projection period: charge, conviction, and sentencing
 patterns and trends; prisoner length of stay (LOS); revocation rates; plea bargaining; and
 other criminal justice system policies and practices.
- A lag effect of six months is assumed from the effective date of this Bill to the date of first entry of affected offenders into the correctional system.
- Marginal costs for county jails cannot be estimated due to a lack of data. For purposes of this analysis, the marginal cost for county jails is assumed to be \$50 per day.
- 50.0% of dismissed or acquitted charges may become convictions under this Bill.

Impacts

Correctional Impact

The correctional impact of <u>SF 2176</u> is estimated to be minimal. In FY 2017, there were 14 convictions of lascivious conduct with a minor under lowa Code section <u>709.14</u>. In FY 2017, there were nine dismissed or acquitted charges of lascivious conduct with a minor. The Bill is expected to increase jail orders and probation orders by three orders annually.

Under the expanded definition of lascivious acts with a minor, the penalty is either a serious or an aggravated misdemeanor depending on the elements of the offense. **Table 1** below shows estimates for sentencing to State prison, parole, probation, or Community-Based Corrections (CBC) residential facilities; LOS under those supervisions; and supervision marginal costs per day for all convictions of aggravated misdemeanors (sex offenses) and serious misdemeanors. Refer to the Legislative Services Agency (LSA) memo addressed to the General Assembly, Cost Estimates Used for Correctional Impact Statements, dated January 8, 2018, for information related to the correctional system.

Table 1 - Estimates for Sentencing

		FY 17											
		Avg		Avg			Avg	FY 17	Percent			Avg	
	Percent	Length of	FY 17	Length of	FY 17	Percent	Length of	Avg	Sentenced	FY 17	Percent	Length of	
Conviction	Sentenced	Stay in	Prison	Stay on	Marginal	Sentenced	Stay on	Cost/Day	to CBC	Marginal	Sentenced	Stay in	Marginal
Offense	to State	Prison	Marginal	Parole	Cost/Day	to	Probation	on	Residential	CBC	to County	County	Cost
Class	Prison	(months)	Cost/Day	(months)	Parole	Probation	(months)	Probation	Facility	Cost/Day	Jail	Jail (Days)	per Day
Aggravated													
Misdemeanor													
(Sex offense)	78%	15	\$17.52	3.9	\$4.93	46%	22.9	\$4.93	9%	\$10.56	26%	N/A	\$50.00
Serious													
Misdemeanor	2%	7.3	\$18.51	N/A	\$4.59	57%	13.8	\$4.93	1%	\$10.56	72%	N/A	\$50.00

Minority Impact

There is no minority impact expected under <u>SF 2176</u>. Refer to the LSA memo addressed to the General Assembly, <u>Minority Impact Memo</u>, dated January 29, 2018, for information related to minorities in the criminal justice system.

Fiscal Impact

The fiscal impact of <u>SF 2176</u> is estimated to be minimal. **Table 2** contains estimates for the average State cost per offense class type.

Table 2 – Average State Cost per Offense Class Type

Offense Class	Total Minimum Cost	Total Maximum Cost
Aggravated Misdemeanor	\$3,300	\$6,600
Serious Misdemeanor	\$250	\$4,900

Source

Department of Human Rights, Criminal and Juvenile Justice Planning Division

/s/ Holly M. Lyons
February 7, 2018

The fiscal note for this Bill was prepared pursuant to Joint Rule 17 and the Iowa Code. Data used in developing this fiscal note is available from the Fiscal Services Division of the Legislative Services Agency upon request.